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ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5 PART III

SEC FILE NUMBER 8-25338

FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING	1/01/03	AND ENDING	12/31/03	
	MM/DD/YY		MM/DD/YY	
A. REC	GISTRANT IDE	NTIFICATION		
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: American Municipal Securities, Inc.		RECD S.E.C. FEB 2 4 2004	OFFICIAL	. USE ONLY
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box-No.)		FIRM	ID. NO.	
720 Second Avenue, South		of Court of State of		
	(No. and Stree	et)		
St. Petersburg	Florida		33701	
(City)	(State)		(Zip Code)	
B. ACC	OUNTANT IDE		a Code-Telephone No.)	OCESSE
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT wh			AM	R 19 2004
Hacker, Johnson & Smith PA)	THOMSON FINANCIAL
(Name -	of individual, state, last	, first, middle name)		
500 North Westshore Boulevard, Suit		Florida (State)	336	
CHECK ONE: Certified Public Accountant Public Accountant Accountant not resident in Uni	,	. ,	(Zip C	Loge)
	FOR OFFICIAL USE O	ONLY		

Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the comption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).

SEC 1410 (3-91)

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to be pond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

Securities and Exchange Commission Washington, D.C. 20549:

I, the undersigned officer of American Municipal Securities, Inc., affirm that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statements and accompanying schedules pertaining to the firm of American Municipal Securities, Inc., as of December 31, 2003, are true and correct. I further affirm that neither the Company, nor any officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer.

American Municipal Securities, Inc.

John C. Petagna, Jr., President

Sworn to and subscribed before me this day of February, 2004.

(Signature of Notary Public)

Personally known: X



This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):

- x (a) Facing page.
- <u>x</u> (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- x (c) Statement of Income.
- x (d) Statement of Cash Flows.
- <u>x</u> (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity.
- ___ (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
- x (g) Computation of Net Capital.
- (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
 - (i) Information Relating to the Possession or control Requirements under Rule 15c3-3.
- ___ (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- x (1) And Oath or Affirmation.
 - (m) A copy of SIPC Supplemental Report.
- x (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

^{**}For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portion of this filing. see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).



HACKER, JOHNSON & SMITH PA

Fort Lauderdale Orlando Tampa

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report

American Municipal Securities, Inc. St. Petersburg, Florida:

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of American Municipal Securities, Inc. (the "Company") at December 31, 2003, and the related statements of income, changes in stockholders' equity and cash flows for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company at December 31, 2003, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in the Schedule is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by rule 17a-5 of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements, taken as a whole.

Sun & Smitals

HACKER, JOHNSON & SMITH PA

Tampa, Florida January 30, 2004

Statement of Financial Condition

December 31, 2003

Assets

Cash, including interest-bearing deposits of \$24,397 Receivable from clearing organization Securities owned, at market Secured demand note receivable Accrued interest receivable Premises and equipment, net Receivable from noncustomer Other assets and prepaid expenses Total	\$ 132,587 2,288,217 5,892,579 250,000 101,864 333,664 8,651 103,355 \$ 9,110,917
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	36,069
Securities sold not yet purchased	351,877
Payable to clearing broker	4,942,673
Note payable	158,012
Subordinated borrowing	250,000
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	<u>1,167,826</u>
Total liabilities	<u>6,906,457</u>
Commitments and contingencies (Notes 3 and 10)	
Stockholders' equity:	
Preferred stock, \$10 cumulative, par value \$.10	
(authorized 45,000 shares; issued none)	•
Common stock, \$.10 par value (authorized	
30,000 shares; 6,600 issued and outstanding)	660
Additional paid-in capital	306,640
Retained income	1,897,160
	
Total stockholders' equity	<u>2,204,460</u>
Total	\$ <u>9,110,917</u>

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

Statement of Income

Year Ended December 31, 2003

Revenues:	
Principal transactions	\$ 7,617,020
Investment banking	1,302,047
Commissions	383,821
Interest	503,722
Other	<u>7,563</u>
Total revenues	<u>9,814,173</u>
Expenses:	
Commissions	4,591,884
Compensation and employee benefits	2,164,332
Promotional costs	264,697
Communications	135,040
Clearing fees	360,792
Interest	106,973
Rent expense	295,387
Depreciation	165,089
Trading fees	155,538
Other	<u>673,657</u>
Total expenses	8,913,389
Net income	\$ <u>900,784</u>

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity

Year Ended December 31, 2003

	Common <u>Stock</u>	Additional Paid-In Capital	Retained <u>Income</u>	Total Stockholders' <u>Equity</u>
Balance at December 31, 2002	\$ 660	306,640	1,326,376	1,633,676
Net income	-	-	900,784	900,784
Dividends paid		-	(330,000)	(330,000)
Balance at December 31, 2003	\$ <u>660</u>	<u>306,640</u>	<u>1,897,160</u>	<u>2,204,460</u>

Statement of Cash Flows

Year Ended December 31, 2003

Cash flows from operating activities:	
Net income	\$ 900,784
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net	
cash provided by operating activities:	
Depreciation	131,652
Decrease in receivables, other assets and prepaid expenses	48,103
Increase in receivable from clearing organization	(986,474)
Decrease in securities owned	1,012,503
Net decrease in payable to clearing broker	(1,142,579)
Increase in accounts payable	9,527
Increase in accrued expenses and other liabilities	446,989
Decrease in securities sold not yet purchased	44,113
Net cash provided by operating activities	464,618
Cash flows used in investing activity-	
Purchases of premises and equipment	(282,426)
Cash flows from financing activities:	
Borrowings	145,552
Dividends paid	(330,000)
Net cash used in financing activities	(184,448)
Net decrease in cash	(2,256)
Cash at beginning of year	134,845
Cash at end of year	\$ <u>132,589</u>
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information- Cash paid during the year for interest	\$ <u>105,515</u>

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2003 and the Year Then Ended

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

American Municipal Securities, Inc. (the "Company") is a securities broker/dealer headquartered in St. Petersburg, Florida with branch offices in Little Rock and Fayetteville, Arkansas, Atlanta and Dillard, Georgia, Winter Park, Florida, Bend, Oregon, Pittsburg, Pennsylvania and Charlotte, North Carolina. The Company is a retail securities dealer, underwriter and market maker operating primarily in the United States of America. The following items comprise the significant accounting policies which the Company follows in preparing and presenting its financial statements:

Estimates. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Securities and Security Transactions. The Company clears its proprietary and customer transactions through another broker-dealer on a fully disclosed basis. Income and expenses related to security transactions are recorded on a settlement date basis, which does not vary materially from a trade date basis. Securities owned are carried at market value. Unrealized gains and losses on securities owned are reflected currently in securities trading income. Investment banking revenue is recorded as follows: management fees on offering date, sales concessions on settlement date, and underwriting fees at the time the underwriting is completed and the income is reasonably determinable.

Depreciation and Amortization. Depreciation is provided using accelerated methods over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Leasehold improvements are amortized over the lesser of the economic useful life of the improvement of the term of the lease

Income Taxes. The Company's stockholders have elected to be treated as an S-Corporation. For federal and state income tax purposes all items of income and expense flow through to its stockholders, therefore no provision for income taxes has been reflected in these financial statements.

(2) Receivable from Clearing Organization

The receivable from Clearing Organization consists of cash on deposit with the Company's clearing broker.

(continued)

Notes to Financial Statements, Continued

(3) Premises and Equipment

A summary of premises and equipment at December 31, 2003 is as follows:

Furniture and equipment, at cost	\$ 794,946
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	(461,282)
Furniture and equipment, net	\$ 333,664

The Company leases its office facilities and certain equipment under various operating leases. The leases contain escalation clauses based upon increases in operating expenses, real estate taxes and utility costs and renewal options. The Company's St. Petersburg, Florida office is leased from a related party. Rent expense was \$295,387 during the year ended December 31, 2003 and included \$90,000 paid to related parties. Minimum future lease payments at December 31, 2003 were as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	Amount
2004	\$ 272,683
2005	143,433
2006	60,857
Total minimum lease payments	\$ <u>476,973</u>

(4) Securities Owned and Sold, Not Yet Purchased

Marketable securities owned consist of trading and investment securities at quoted market values as follows:

	Owned	Sold, Not Yet Purchased
State and municipal obligations Corporate bonds Equity securities	\$ 5,878,982 10,400 	351,877
	\$ <u>5,892,217</u>	<u>351,877</u>

(continued)

Notes to Financial Statements, Continued

(5) Note Payable

The note payable at December 31, 2003 is as follows:

Amount

Noninterest-bearing note payable in monthly installments of approximately \$640 through 2004; collateralized by telephone equipment with a net carrying value of approximately \$2,025.

Principal amount	\$ 6,609
Less: unamortized discount (based on inputed interest	
rate of 15%)	(314)
ote payable with a financial institution payable in monthly	

5.75% note payable with a financial institution payable in monthly installments of principal and interest of \$1,068 through 2023, collateralized by equipment with a carrying value of \$273,809

<u>151,717</u>

\$ <u>158,012</u>

Aggregate annual principal repayments for the installment note is as follows:

Year Ending December 31,

2004	\$ 10,491
2005	4,444
2006	4,707
2007	4,984
2008	5,279
Thereafter	<u>128,107</u>

\$ <u>158,012</u>

(6) Payable to Clearing Broker

The Company has a margin account with a clearing broker. The clearing broker funds a portion of securities purchased by the Company. The percentage of the purchases funded depends on the underlying security. Interest is at a floating rate (1.88% at December 31, 2003) that generally corresponds to the federal fund rate plus .9%. At December 31, 2003, \$4,942,673 had been advanced to purchase securities. This account is collateralized by securities with a carrying value of \$5,892,579.

(7) Employee Benefit Plan

The Company offers a 401(k) Profit Sharing Plan, which is available for employees who have completed one year of service and have attained age twenty-one. The Company charged \$107,571 to operations relating to plan contributions for the year ended December 31, 2003.

(continued)

Notes to Financial Statements, Continued

(8) Secured Demand Note Receivable and Liability Subordinated to Claims of General Creditors

The secured demand note receivable is collateralized by marketable securities with a carrying value of \$353,798 at December 31, 2003, bears interest at 7% and matures November 30, 2004. This note was issued in conjunction with the subordinated loan agreement described below. Liability under a subordinated loan agreement at December 31, 2003 consists of a note payable to a Company employee. The note is in the amount of \$250,000 and is due in full on November 30, 2004. Interest is charged at 7% and is due at maturity. It is the Company's intention to renew this secured demand note collateralizing agreement.

The subordinated borrowings are available in computing net capital under the SEC's uniform net capital rule. To the extent that such borrowings are required for the Company's continued compliance with minimum net capital requirements, they may not be repaid.

(9) Net Capital Requirements

Pursuant to the rules of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Company is required to maintain net capital. Aggregate indebtedness must not exceed net capital as those terms are defined by a ratio of more than 15 to 1. At December 31, 2003 the Company's minimum net capital requirement was \$100,000. The Company's net capital computed in accordance with the Rule of the Commission amounted to \$1,392,682 and the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital was .86 to 1.

(10) Commitments and Contingencies

In the ordinary course of business, the Company has various outstanding commitments and contingent liabilities that are not reflected in the accompanying financial statements.

(11) Financial Instruments with Off-Balance-Sheet Risk

The Company has sold securities that it does not currently own and will therefore be obligated to purchase such securities at a future date. The Company has recorded these obligations in the financial statements at December 31, 2003, at market values of the related securities and will incur a loss if the market value of the securities increases subsequent to December 31, 2003.

In the normal course of business, the Company's customer activities involve the execution, settlement, and financing of various customer securities transactions. These activities may expose the Company to off-balance-sheet risk in the event the customer or other broker is unable to fulfill its contracted obligations and the Company has to purchase or sell the financial instrument underlying the contract at a loss.

Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities and Exchange Commission

December 31, 2003

NET CAPITAL

Total stockholder's equity		\$ 2,204,460
Liabilities subordinated to claims of general creditors allowable in computation of net capital		250,000
Total capital and allowable subordinated liabilities		2,454,460
Deductions and/or changes: Furniture, equipment, and leasehold improvements Receivables from noncustomers Other assets	\$ 333,664 8,651 103,355	445,670
Net capital before haircuts on securities positions		
Haircuts on securities (computed, where applicable, pursuant to rule 15c3-1) Contractual securities commitments Subordinated securities borrowings Trading and investment securities: Exempted securities Options	26,505 588,446 1,157	
Other securities		616,108
Net capital		\$ <u>1,392,682</u>
COMPUTATION OF BASIC NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT		
Minimum net capital required (based on aggregate indebtedness)		\$ <u>80,259</u>
Minimum net capital required of reporting broker or dealer		\$ <u>100,000</u>
Net capital requirement (greater of above)		\$ <u>100,000</u>
Excess net capital		\$ <u>1,292,682</u>
AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS		
Items included in statement of financial condition - Other accounts payable and accrued expenses		1,203,895
Total A.I. Liabilities from Statement of Financial Condition	on	1,203,895
Less adjustment based on Deposits in Special Reserve Bank Account	nts	-
Total aggregate indebtedness		\$ <u>1,203,895</u>
Ratio aggregate indebtedness to net capital		<u>.86 to 1</u>

RECONCILIATION OF SUPPORTING SCHEDULES WITH MOST RECENT PART II FILING

There are no material differences between the computation of net capital pursuant to Rule 15c3-1. Included in Form X-17A-5 Part II as previously filed with the commission and the schedules contained herein.



HACKER, JOHNSON & SMITH PA

Fort Lauderdale Orlando Tampa Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Accounting Control Required by SEC Rule 17a-5 for a Broker-Dealer Claiming on Exemption from Rule 15c 3-3

January 30, 2004

American Municipal Securities, Inc. St. Petersburg, Florida

Gentlemen:

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedule of American Municipal Securities, Inc. (the "Company") for the year ended December 31, 2003, we considered its internal control, including procedures for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g), in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c 3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons
- 2. Recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13
- 3. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining a system of internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgements by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of the internal control policies and procedures and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of the system of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

January 30, 2004 Page Two

Because of inherent limitations in any system of internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, errors or irregularities may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of the internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control elements does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that errors or irregularities in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving the internal control, including procedures for safeguarding securities, that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purpose in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2003 to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC and other regulatory agencies which rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and should not be used for any other purpose.

Very truly yours,

Vaclen. Johnson & Smith As